

General Description	Product Summary
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Proprietary αMOS5™ technology</li> <li>Low <math>R_{DS(ON)}</math></li> <li>Optimized switching parameters for better EMI performance</li> <li>Enhanced body diode for robustness and fast reverse recovery</li> </ul>	$V_{DS} @ T_{j,max}$ 800V $I_{DM}$ 48A $R_{DS(ON),max}$ < 0.36Ω $Q_{g,typ}$ 22.5nC  $E_{oss} @ 400V$ 2.8μJ
<b>Applications</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Flyback for SMPS</li> <li>Charger, PD Adapter, TV, lighting</li> </ul>	100% UIS Tested 100% $R_g$ Tested 



Orderable Part Number	Package Type	Form	Minimum Order Quantity
CQD360A70	TO252	Tape & Reel	2500

**Absolute Maximum Ratings  $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted**

Parameter	Symbol	Maximum	Units
Drain-Source Voltage	$V_{DS}$	700	V
Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	$\pm 20$	V
Gate-Source Voltage (dynamic) AC( $f>1\text{Hz}$ )	$V_{GS}$	$\pm 30$	V
Continuous Drain Current $T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$	$I_D$	12	A
Continuous Drain Current $T_C=100^\circ\text{C}$		7.6	
Pulsed Drain Current $C$	$I_{DM}$	48	
Avalanche Current $L=1\text{mH}$ $C$	$I_{AR}$	3.4	A
Repetitive avalanche energy $C$	$E_{AR}$	5.8	mJ
Single pulsed avalanche energy $H$	$E_{AS}$	50	mJ
MOSFET dv/dt ruggedness	dv/dt	100	V/ns
Peak diode recovery dv/dt		20	
Power Dissipation $B$ $T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	138	W
Power Dissipation $B$ Derate above $25^\circ\text{C}$		1.1	$\text{W}/^\circ\text{C}$
Junction and Storage Temperature Range	$T_J, T_{STG}$	-55 to 150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Maximum lead temperature for soldering purpose, 1/8" from case for 5 seconds	$T_L$	300	$^\circ\text{C}$

Thermal Characteristics				
Parameter	Symbol	Typical	Maximum	Units
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient $A,D$	$R_{θJA}$	45	55	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
Maximum Case-to-sink $A$	$R_{θCS}$	-	0.5	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
Maximum Junction-to-Case $D,F$	$R_{θJC}$	0.7	0.9	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$

**Electrical Characteristics ( $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>STATIC PARAMETERS</b>						
BV <sub>DSS</sub>	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	I <sub>D</sub> =250μA, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, T <sub>J</sub> =25°C	700			V
		I <sub>D</sub> =250μA, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, T <sub>J</sub> =150°C		800		
BV <sub>DSS</sub> /ΔT <sub>J</sub>	Breakdown Voltage Temperature Coefficient	I <sub>D</sub> =250μA, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V		0.6		V/°C
I <sub>DSS</sub>	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	V <sub>DS</sub> =700V, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V		1		μA
		V <sub>DS</sub> =560V, T <sub>J</sub> =125°C		10		
I <sub>GSS</sub>	Gate-Body leakage current	V <sub>DS</sub> =0V, V <sub>GS</sub> =±20V			±100	nA
V <sub>GS(th)</sub>	Gate Threshold Voltage	V <sub>DS</sub> =5V, I <sub>D</sub> =250μA		4		V
R <sub>DS(ON)</sub>	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	V <sub>GS</sub> =10V, I <sub>D</sub> =6A		0.316	0.36	Ω
g <sub>FS</sub>	Forward Transconductance	V <sub>DS</sub> =10V, I <sub>D</sub> =6A		10		S
V <sub>SD</sub>	Diode Forward Voltage	I <sub>S</sub> =6A, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V		0.86	1.2	V
I <sub>S</sub>	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current				12	A
I <sub>SM</sub>	Maximum Body-Diode Pulsed Current <sup>c</sup>				48	A
<b>DYNAMIC PARAMETERS</b>						
C <sub>iss</sub>	Input Capacitance	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, V <sub>DS</sub> =100V, f=1MHz		1360		pF
C <sub>oss</sub>	Output Capacitance			34		pF
C <sub>o(er)</sub>	Effective output capacitance, energy related <sup>i</sup>	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, V <sub>DS</sub> =0 to 480V, f=1MHz		32		pF
C <sub>o(tr)</sub>	Effective output capacitance, time related <sup>j</sup>			147		pF
C <sub>rss</sub>	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, V <sub>DS</sub> =100V, f=1MHz		1.7		pF
R <sub>g</sub>	Gate resistance	f=1MHz		2		Ω
<b>SWITCHING PARAMETERS</b>						
Q <sub>g</sub>	Total Gate Charge	V <sub>GS</sub> =10V, V <sub>DS</sub> =480V, I <sub>D</sub> =6A		22.5		nC
Q <sub>gs</sub>	Gate Source Charge			9		nC
Q <sub>gd</sub>	Gate Drain Charge			6.3		nC
T <sub>d(on)</sub>	Turn-On DelayTime	V <sub>GS</sub> =10V, V <sub>DS</sub> =400V, I <sub>D</sub> =6A, R <sub>G</sub> =5Ω		24.5		ns
T <sub>r</sub>	Turn-On Rise Time			17		ns
T <sub>d(off)</sub>	Turn-Off DelayTime			34.5		ns
T <sub>f</sub>	Turn-Off Fall Time			13		ns
T <sub>rr</sub>	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	I <sub>F</sub> =6A, dI/dt=100A/μs, V <sub>DS</sub> =400V		310		ns
I <sub>rm</sub>	Peak Reverse Recovery Current			24.5		A
Q <sub>rr</sub>	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge			4.8		μC

A. The value of R<sub>qJA</sub> is measured with the device in a still air environment with T<sub>A</sub>=25° C.

B. The power dissipation P<sub>D</sub> is based on T<sub>J(MAX)</sub>=150° C in a TO252 package, using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in setting the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used.

C. Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature T<sub>J(MAX)</sub>=150° C.

D. The R<sub>qJA</sub> is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to case R<sub>qJC</sub> and case to ambient.

E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using <300μs pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

F. These curves are based on the junction-to-case thermal impedance which is measured with the device mounted to a large heatsink, assuming a maximum junction temperature of T<sub>J(MAX)</sub>=150° C.

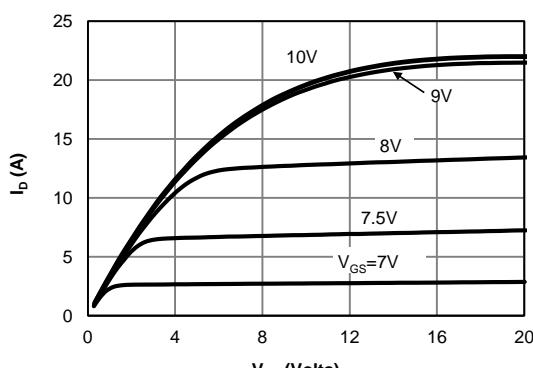
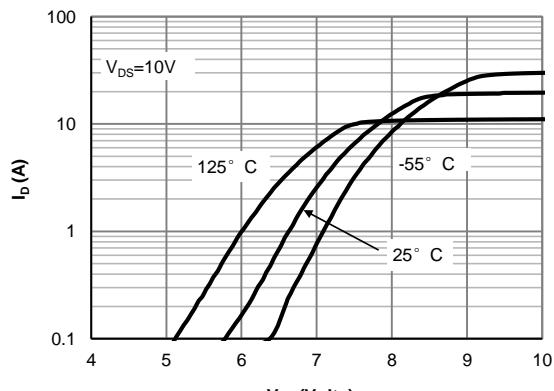
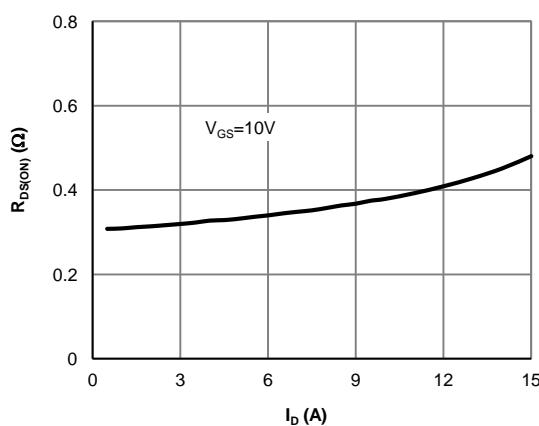
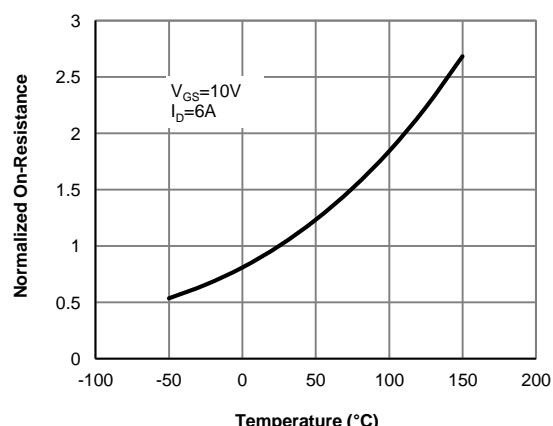
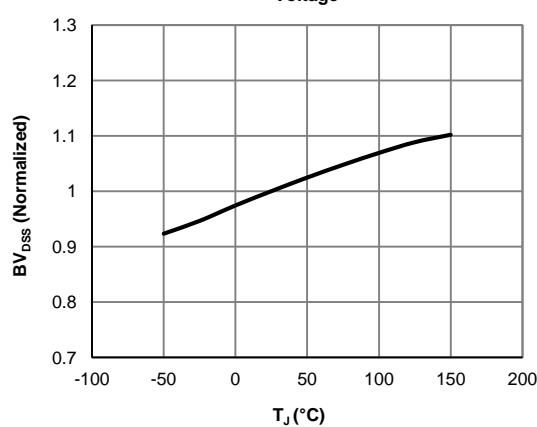
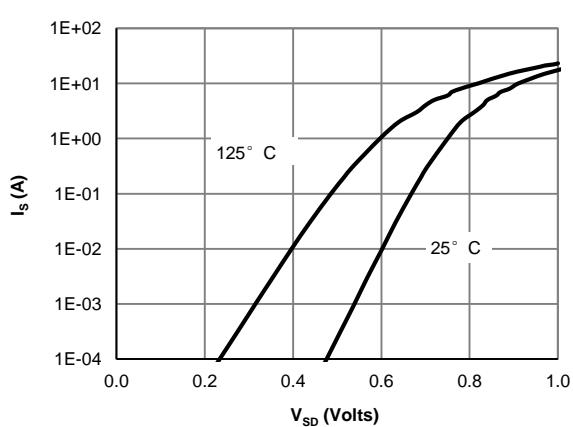
G. These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with T<sub>A</sub>=25° C.

H. L=60mH, I<sub>AS</sub>=1.3A, R<sub>G</sub>=25Ω, Starting T<sub>J</sub>=25° C.

I. C<sub>o(er)</sub> is a fixed capacitance that gives the same stored energy as C<sub>oss</sub> while V<sub>DS</sub> is rising from 0 to 80% V<sub>(BR)DSS</sub>.

J. C<sub>o(tr)</sub> is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as C<sub>oss</sub> while V<sub>DS</sub> is rising from 0 to 80% V<sub>(BR)DSS</sub>.

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**TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**

**Figure 1: On-Region Characteristics**

**Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics**

**Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage**

**Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature**

**Figure 5: Break Down vs. Junction Temperature**

**Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics**

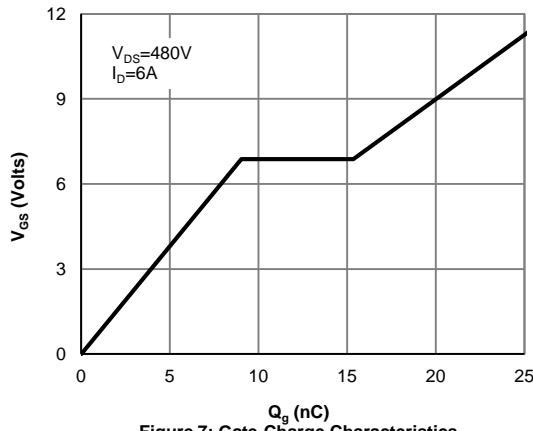
**TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**


Figure 7: Gate-Charge Characteristics

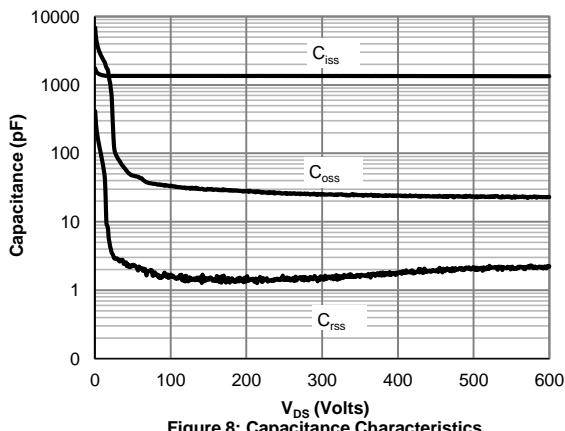


Figure 8: Capacitance Characteristics

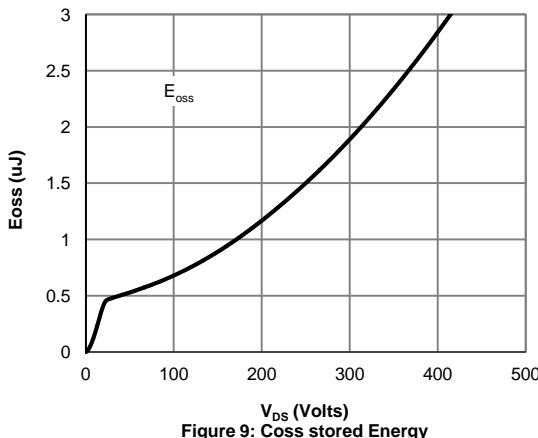


Figure 9: Coss stored Energy

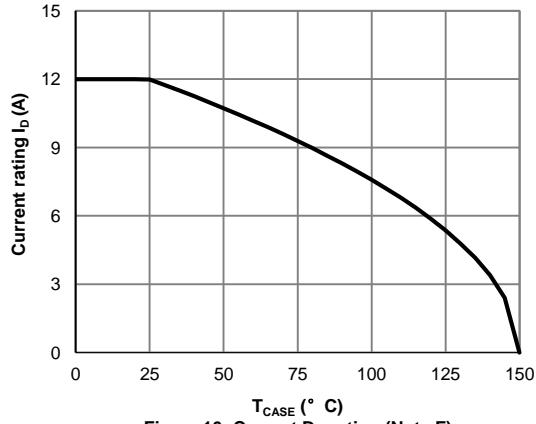


Figure 10: Current De-rating (Note F)

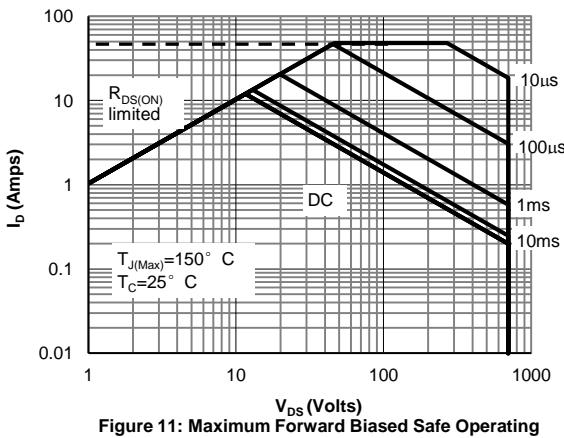


Figure 11: Maximum Forward Biased Safe Operating Area (Note F)

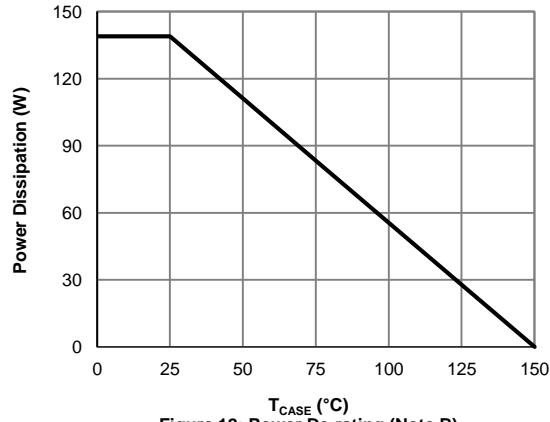


Figure 12: Power De-rating (Note B)

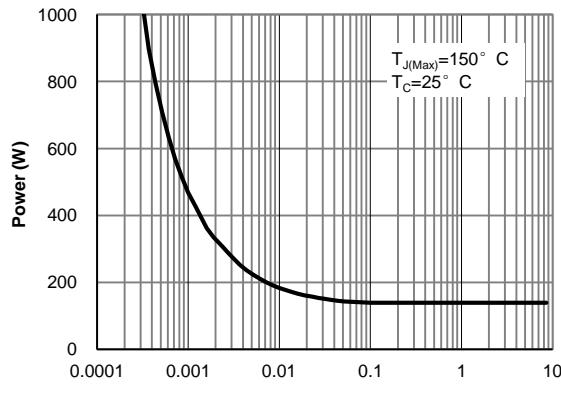
**TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**


Figure 13: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Case (Note F)

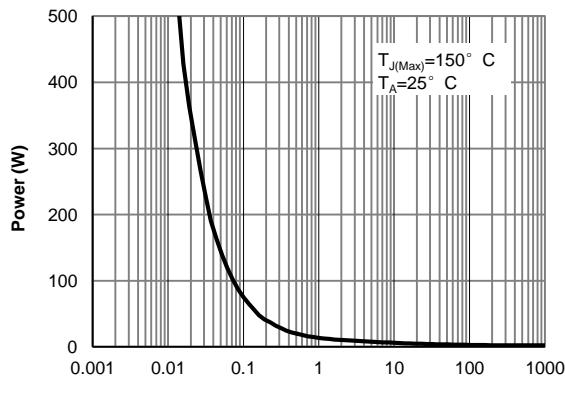


Figure 14: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Ambient (Note G)

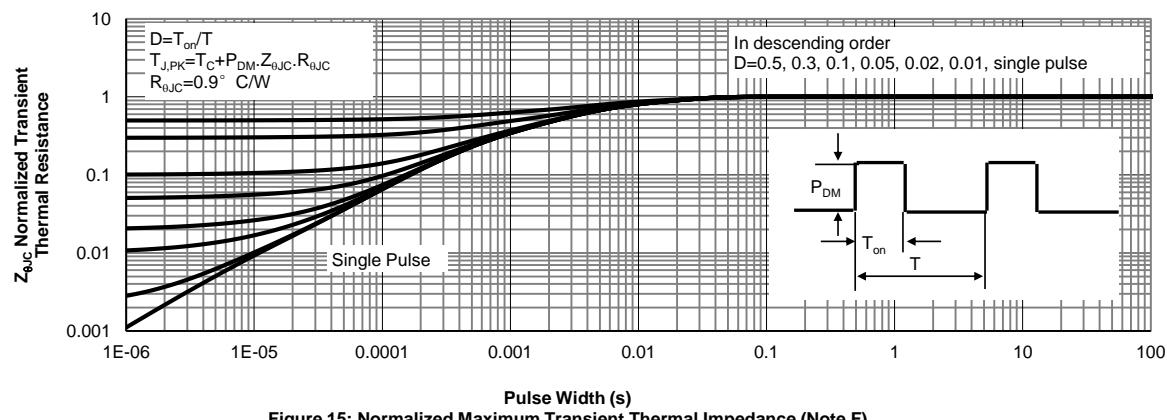


Figure 15: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note F)

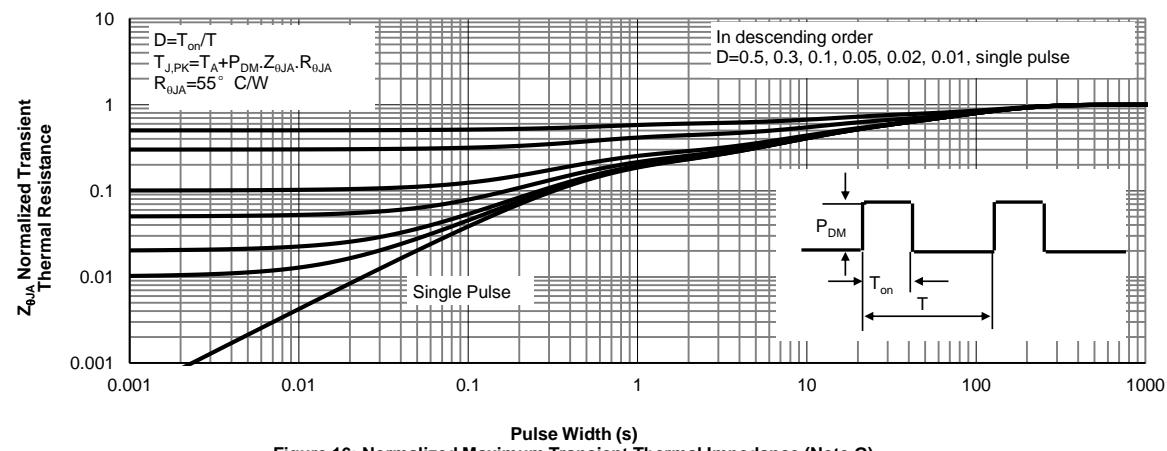
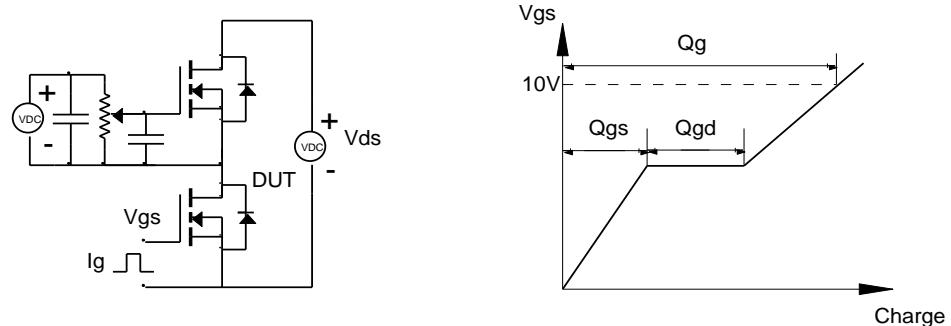
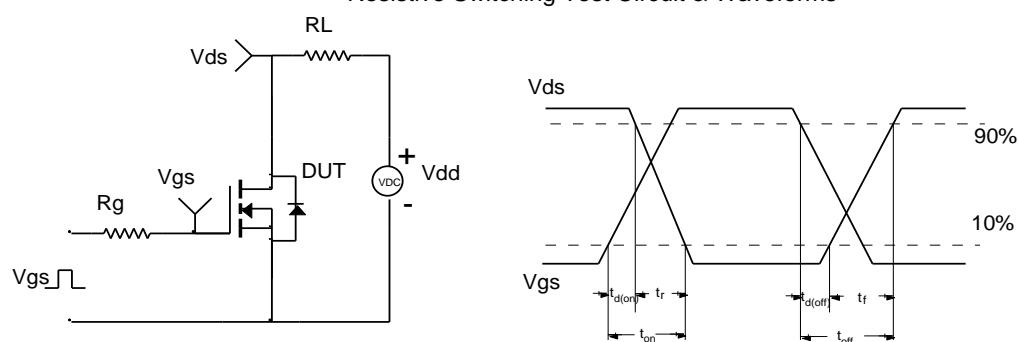


Figure 16: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note G)

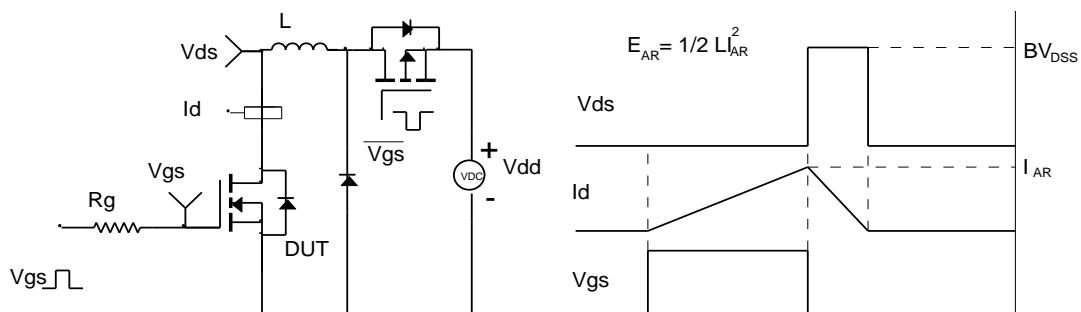
Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveform



Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms



Unclamped Inductive Switching (UIS) Test Circuit & Waveforms



Diode Recovery Test Circuit & Waveforms

